

SOBOLEV EXTENSION OPERATORS IN CUSP DOMAINS

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Let Ω be a domain in the Euclidean space \mathbb{R}^n , $n \geq 2$. Consider extension operators on Sobolev spaces

$$E : L_p^1(\Omega) \rightarrow L_q^1(\mathbb{R}^n), \quad 1 \leq q \leq p \leq \infty.$$

In the present work we prove the sharp necessary generalized Ahlfors type (p, q) -measure density condition for extension operators of seminormed Sobolev spaces:

Let there exists a continuous linear extension operator $E : L_p^1(\Omega) \rightarrow L_q^1(\mathbb{R}^n)$, $n < q \leq p < \infty$, then

$$\Phi(B(x, r))^{p-q} |B(x, r) \cap \Omega|^q \geq c_0 |B(x, r)|^p, \quad 0 < r < 1,$$

where Φ is a countable additive set function associated with the extension operator and a constant $c_0 = c_0(p, q, n)$ depends on p , q and n only.

In the case $q < p$ this condition allows Hölder cusp domains and in the case $p = q$ this condition coincides with the well known Ahlfors measure density condition.

REFERENCES

- [1] A. Ukhlov, Extension operators on Sobolev spaces with decreasing integrability, Trans. of A. Razmadze Math. Inst., (in press).